

PANAMA MARITIME AUTHORITY

MERCHANT MARINE NOTICE

Pan Canal Building Albrook, Panama City Republic of Panama Tel: (507) 501-5355 <u>mmc@amp.gob.pa</u>

Restrictions imposed by the Republic of Cyprus on vessels calling illegally ports

No.: MN-05/2017

October, 2017

The purpose of this Marine Notice is to inform users of the Panamanian Registry about the issuance of Resolution 550 (1984) adopted on 11 May 1984 by the United Nations Security Council and reaffirming Resolutions 365 (1974), 367 (1975), 541 (1983) and Resolution 544 (1983), when the Security Council condemned the illegal secessionist activities in the occupied part of the Republic of Cyprus from Turkey, in violation of the previous resolutions.

According to the above mentioned Resolutions all the Panamanian flagged vessels should not enter to the **Ports of Famagusta**, Karavostasi and Kyrenia under any circumstance.

The above restrictions were taken in order to uphold and maintain the sovereignty of the Republic of Cyprus over its ports and harbors and due to the fact that safety of navigation could no longer be guaranteed in these areas illegally occupied by the Turkish Army since 1974.

September, 2022 – CANCELLED. October, 2017

Inquiries concerning the subject of this Circular or any other request should be directed to: Resolutions and Queries Department. Directorate General of Merchant Marine Panama Maritime Authority

Phone: (507) 501-5012. E-mail: rjimenez@amp.gob.pa.

Prepared by: Translator	Revised by: Compliance and		Aproved by: Compliance and	
	Enforcement Deputy Chief		Enforcement Chief	
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Democratic Republic, Hungary, the Lao People's Democratic Republic, the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Seychelles and Viet Nam to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question. At its 2529th meeting, on 4 April 1984, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Afghanistan. Costa Rica, Guatemala and Yugoslavia to participate. without vote, in the discussion of the question.

THE SITUATION IN CYPRUS⁴⁴

Decisions

At its 2531st meeting, on 3 May 1984, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Antigua and Barbuda, Cyprus, Greece, Turkey and Yugoslavia to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the item entitled "The situation in Cyprus: letter dated 30 April 1984 from the Permanent Representative of Cyprus to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/16514)".⁴⁵

At the same meeting, the Council also decided to extend an invitation to Mr. Rauf Denktaş under rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure.

At its 2532nd meeting, on 3 May 1984, the Council decided to invite the representative of Afghanistan to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

At its 2533rd meeting, on 4 May 1984, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Australia, Ecuador, Sri Lanka and the Syrian Arab Republic to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

At its 2534th meeting, on 4 May 1984, the Council decided to invite the representative of Algeria to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

At its 2535th meeting, on 7 May 1984, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Cuba, Guyana, Jamaica, Mongolia and Viet Nam to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

At its 2536th meeting, on 9 May 1984, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Bangladesh, Bulgaria, Costa Rica, Hungary, Panama and Saint Lucia to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

At its 2537th meeting, on 10 May 1984, the Council decided to invite the representative of the German Democratic Republic to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

At its 2538th meeting, on 11 May 1984, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Czechoslovakia and Malaysia to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

Resolution 550 (1984)

of 11 May 1984

The Security Council,

Having considered the situation in Cyprus at the request of the Government of the Republic of Cyprus.

Having heard the statement made by the President of the Republic of Cyprus,⁴⁶

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General,⁴⁷

Recalling its resolutions 365 (1974), 367 (1975), 541 (1983) and 544 (1983),

Deeply regretting the non-implementation of its resolutions, in particular resolution 541 (1983),

Gravely concerned about the further secessionist acts in the occupied part of the Republic of Cyprus which are in violation of resolution 541 (1983), namely, the purported exchange of ambassadors between Turkey and the legally invalid "Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus" and the contemplated holding of a "constitutional referendum" and "elections", as well as by other actions or threats of actions aimed at further consolidating the purported independent State and the division of Cyprus,

⁴⁴ Resolutions or decisions on this question were also adopted by the Council in 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1970, 1971, 1972, 1973, 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982 and 1983.

⁴⁵ See Official Records of the Security Council, Thirty-ninth Year, Supplement for April, May and June 1984.

⁴⁶ Ibid., Thirty-ninth Year, 2531st meeting.

⁴⁷ Ibid., Thirty-ninth Year, Supplement for April. May and June 1984, document S/16519.

Deeply concerned about recent threats for settlement of Varosha by people other than its inhabitants,

Reaffirming its continuing support for the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus,

1. *Reaffirms* its resolution 541 (1983) and calls for its urgent and effective implementation;

2. Condemns all secessionist actions, including the purported exchange of ambassadors between Turkey and the Turkish Cypriot leadership, declares them illegal and invalid and calls for their immediate withdrawal;

3. *Reiterates* the call upon all States not to recognize the purported State of the "Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus" set up by secessionist acts and calls upon them not to facilitate or in any way assist the aforesaid secessionist entity;

4. Calls upon all States to respect the sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity, unity and non-alignment of the Republic of Cyprus;

5. Considers attempts to settle any part of Varosha by people other than its inhabitants as inadmissible and calls for the transfer of that area to the administration of the United Nations;

6. Considers any attempts to interfere with the status or the deployment of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus as contrary to the resolutions of the United Nations;

7. *Requests* the Secretary-General to promote the urgent implementation of Security Council resolution 541 (1983);

8. *Reaffirms* the mandate of good offices given to the Secretary-General and requests him to undertake new efforts to attain an overall solution to the Cyprus problem in conformity with the principles of the Charter of the United Nations and the provisions for such a settlement laid down in the pertinent United Nations resolutions, including resolution 541 (1983) and the present resolution;

9. Calls upon all parties to co-operate with the Secretary-General in his mission of good offices;

10. Decides to remain seized of the situation with a view to taking urgent and appropriate measures, in the event of non-implementation of resolution 541 (1983) and the present resolution;

11. *Requests* the Secretary-General to promote the implementation of the present resolution and to report thereon to the Security Council as developments require.

Adopted at the 2539th meeting by 13 votes to 1 (Pakistan), with 1 abstention (United States of America).

Decisions

At its 2547th meeting, on 15 June 1984, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Cyprus, Greece

and Turkey to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the item entitled "The situation in Cyprus: report by the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus (S/16596 and Add.1 and 2)".⁴⁵

At the same meeting, the Council also decided to extend an invitation to Mr. Necati M. Ertekün under rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure.

Resolution 553 (1984)

of 15 June 1984

The Security Council,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus of 1 June 1984,⁴⁸

Noting the recommendation by the Secretary-General that the Security Council should extend the stationing of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus for a further period of six months,

Noting also that the Government of Cyprus has agreed that in view of the prevailing conditions in the island it is necessary to keep the Force in Cyprus beyond 15 June 1984,

Reaffirming the provisions of its resolution 186 (1964) and other relevant resolutions,

1. Extends once more the stationing in Cyprus of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force established under resolution 186 (1964) for a further period, ending on 15 December 1984;

2. *Requests* the Secretary-General to continue his mission of good offices, to keep the Security Council informed of the progress made and to submit a report on the implementation of the present resolution by 30 November 1984;

3. *Calls upon* all the parties concerned to continue to co-operate with the Force on the basis of the present mandate.

Adopted unanimously at the 2547th meeting.

Decisions

At its 2565th meeting, on 14 December 1984, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Canada, Cyprus, Greece and Turkey to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the item entitled "The situation in Cyprus: report of the Secretary-

⁴⁸ Ibid., document S/16596 and Add.1 and 2.

General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus (S/16858 and Add.1.)".49

At the same meeting, the Council also decided to extend an invitation to Mr. Rauf Denktaş under rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure.

Resolution 559 (1984)

of 14 December 1984

The Security Council,

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations operation in Cyprus of 12 December 1984,50

49 Ibid., Thirty-ninth Year, Supplement for October, November and December 1984.

50 Ibid., document S/16858 and Add.1.

Noting the recommendation by the Secretary-General that the Security Council should extend the stationing of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force in Cyprus for a further period of six months,

Noting also that the Government of Cyprus has agreed that in view of the prevailing conditions in the island it is necessary to keep the Force in Cyprus beyond 15 December 1984,

Reaffirming the provisions of its resolution 186 (1964) and other relevant resolutions,

1. Extends once more the stationing in Cyprus of the United Nations Peace-keeping Force established under resolution 186 (1964) for a further period, ending on 15 June 1985;

2. Requests the Secretary-General to continue his mission of good offices, to keep the Security Council informed of the progress made and to submit a report on the implementation of the present resolution by 31 May 1985;

3. Calls upon all the parties concerned to continue to co-operate with the Force on the basis of the present mandate.

> Adopted unanimously at the 2565th meeting.

LETTER DATED 21 MAY 1984 FROM THE REPRESENTATIVES OF BAHRAIN, KUWAIT, OMAN, QATAR, SAUDI ARABIA AND THE UNITED ARAB EMIRATES ADDRESSED TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL

Decisions

At its 2541st meeting, on 25 May 1984, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Bahrain. Kuwait, Oman, Panama, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, the United Arab Emirates and Yemen to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the item entitled "Letter dated 21 May 1984 from the representatives of Bahrain, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates addressed to the President of the Security Council (S/16574)".51

At the same meeting, the Council also decided, at the request of the representative of Kuwait,⁵² to extend an invitation to Mr. Chedli Klibi under rule 39 of the provisional rules of procedure.

At its 2542nd meeting, on 25 May 1984, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Ecuador, Jordan, Somalia and the Sudan to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

At its 2543rd meeting, on 29 May 1984, the Council decided to invite the representatives of the Federal Republic of Germany, Japan and Morocco to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

At its 2545th meeting, on 30 May 1984, the Council decided to invite the representatives of Djibouti. Mauritania, Tunisia and Turkey to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

At its 2546th meeting, on 1 June 1984, the Council decided to invite the representative of Liberia to participate, without vote, in the discussion of the question.

⁵¹ See Official Records of the Security Council, Thirty-ninth Year, Supplement for April. May and June 1984. ⁵² Document S/16582, incorporated in the record of the

²⁵⁴¹st meeting.